Medieval Study Guide

Vocabulary Terms and people (write them on a separate piece of paper):

1. Pope 2.) The Crusades 3.) manorialism 4.)The Hundred Years War

5.) nation-state 6.) Feudalism 7.) King John 8. William the Conqueror

Concepts to Understand:

9.) What was the difference between a serf and a free peasant?

10.) Where did the Crusades take place?

11.) What did William the Conqueror accomplish?

12.) In the feudal system, what were the duties of both the nobles and knights?

13.) What were three (3) effects of the Black death?

14.) Who fought in the hundred years’ war? How did Europe change after the Hundred Years War? (What started to appear and what started to disappear?)

15.) In the early middle ages, where did most of the economic activity take place

16.) name two events that affected the population of europe during the middle ages:

17.) Read the following excerpts from the Magna Carta:

***Clause 31: “Neither we nor any royal official will take wood for our castle, or for any other purpose, without the consent (permission) of the owner.***

***Clause 38:“In the future, no official shall convict a man upon his own unsupported statement, without producing credible witnesses to the truth of it.”***

What rights/Freedoms are guaranteed in the above statement? (ex: Private Property, Fair Trial, Fair taxes, etc.)

18.) What Does the Magna carta state? Who had the supreme power in England? (pg. 334 and Magna Carta Worksheet).

Short answer: Complete each answer in paragraph form. Cite your Evidence!

19.) What sweeping Changes did the crusades bring to Europe?

20.) What social and economic changes did the black death bring to Europe?