Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Roman World pg. 318-325

**Timeline: Complete the timeline below**

**Matching: Match the correct vocabulary term with the correct definition below.**

a. Pax Romana b. Carthage c. representative democracy d. Constantine e. Hannibal f. Augustus g. Jesus h. aqueducts i. Caesar j. empire

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. A type of government in which people elect leaders to make laws for them.

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Leader of Carthage who fought against the Romans and was finally defeated in 204 BC

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Channels used to carry water over long distances

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. An area and/or government that contains many different peoples, countries, and territories.

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Emperor who converted to Christianity and made it the empire’s official religion.

\_\_\_\_\_ 6. A 200 year period of peach and achievement during which trade flourished and the empire

experienced no major wars.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7. Also called Octavian, he ruled the Roman world as Rome’s first emperor.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. The Roman army defeated the people in this North African City and took over their lands.

**Short Answer: Write the answer to each question in two complete sentences.**

9. What was the Pax Romana? What happened during that time? (pg. 395 in orange book)

10. How did Rome’s government change after the republic fell apart? (pg. 394 in orange book)

**Fill in the Blank: Complete the statement below using the choices in parentheses.**

11. Rome changed from a republic to an empire soon after the murder of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**(Julius Caesar/Octavian)**

12. Rome’s first emperor, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ added territory to the empire and extended its network of roads. **(Augustus, Constantine)**

13. During the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a long period of peace, the Romans made many great cultural achievements. **(Pax Romana, Golden Age)**

14. During Rome’s decline, a new capital, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, was built in present-day Turkey in an attempt to keep the empire together. **(Carthage, Constantinople)**

15. Roman engineering achievements included paved roads, the Colosseum, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

which carried water over long distances for bathing and irrigation. **(aqueducts, arches)**